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- Topic: Updated Tuberculosis (TB) Testing Interim Recommendations Around COVID-19 Vaccinations
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- To: Nevada Healthcare Providers, Healthcare Facilities, Public Health Departments, Correctional Facilities, Infection Preventionists, and Infection Control Departments

<u>Situation</u>

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has recently updated its interim guidance on clinical considerations for use of the COVID-19 vaccines addressing all three available types, Pfizer-BioNTech, Moderna, and Janssen vaccines and includes guidance on tuberculosis (TB) testing (see section "Laboratory Testing" in the full guidance). The full updated CDC *Clinical Considerations* can be accessed at <u>https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/info-by-product/clinical-considerations.html</u>.

Summary of CDC's Interim Guidance for TB Testing Around COVID-19 Vaccine Administration:

- 1) Interpretations of TB test results in COVID-19 vaccinated persons:
 - The reliability of a negative TST or IGRA [interferon gamma release assay] result after COIVD-19 vaccination has not been studied.
- 2) Considerations for the *Timing of TB testing* for TB infection of healthcare personnel, patients, and inmates around the administration of the COVID-19 vaccine:
 - COVID-19 vaccination should not be delayed because of testing for TB infection.
 - Perform IGRA blood draw or TST placement *before* COVID-19 vaccination series is initiated.
 - Post COVID-19 vaccination, defer IGRA or TST ≥ 4 weeks after COVID-19 vaccine singledose or 2-dose series completed.
 - Situations involving TB contact investigations: please refer to the CDC's *Interim Clinical Considerations*.
 - Weigh the risks and benefits of delaying TST/IGRA in potential recipients of the COVID-19 vaccine.

Recommendations from the Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health TB Program for TB Testing Around COVID-19 Vaccination:

- 1) Perform IGRA blood draw or TST placement *before or at the same time* as COVID-19 vaccination series initiated (all types of COVID-19 vaccines), if possible.
- 2) If TB testing must be delayed 4 weeks after COVID-19 vaccine single-dose or 2-dose series:
 - Create *interim TB infection control protocols* for COVID-19 vaccine-related TB testing delays.
 - Document situations where TB testing was delayed, providing vaccination type and dates; perform the TB test no later than 8 weeks following the COVID-19 vaccine series.
 - Administer a TB Symptoms Questionnaire and perform TB symptom screening for individuals who are unable to obtain TB testing.
 - New hire/pre-placement situations: If IGRA (recommended) or TST cannot be performed before receiving the vaccine, additionally, obtain a physical examination or certification from a healthcare provider indicating the individual is free from active TB disease.
 - Healthcare personnel who require annual TB testing but are delayed beyond the TB testing anniversary date due to COVID vaccination should receive a single-step TST or an IGRA as soon

as reasonably possible. (In this situation, conducting a repeat "baseline" 2-step TST is not necessary for continuing healthcare personnel working at the same facility; however, baseline 2-step TST or an IGRA is required for new healthcare personnel).

Resources:

Nevada Administrative Codes related to TB Testing, NAC 441A.370-380:

https://www.leg.state.nv.us/NAC/NAC-441A.html#NAC441A

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention TB website: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/tb/default.htm</u> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention COVID-19 Vaccination website: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/index.html</u>

Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health: <u>https://dpbh.nv.gov/Resources/Technical_Bulletins-New/</u>

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