



March 6, 2020

**MEMORANDUM**

To: Dr. Jon Pennell, Chairperson  
State Board of Health

Dr. Jeffery Murawsky, Vice-Chair  
State Board of Health

From: Lisa Sherych, Secretary  
State Board of Health

Re: Consideration and adoption of proposed regulation LCB File No. R021-18RP3 and LCB File No. R074-19P and errata. Amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapters 457, 459, and 653.

**PURPOSE OF AMENDMENTS**

The proposed addition / change of regulations to NAC 457, NAC 459 and NAC 653 in LCB File No. R074-19 and errata include provisions to amend and modify existing language to make regulations more clear, current and compatible with the intent and scope of the Radiation Control Program (RCP). Introduction of new language which aids the RCP to carry out its regulatory role more effectively. The proposed regulations need to be adopted as soon as possible in order to comply with Senate Bill 130 and maintain compliance with the requirements of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). Repeals redundant and or outdated regulations.

**SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO THE NAC**

The proposed addition/change of regulations to NAC 457, NAC 459 and NAC 653 in LCB File No. R074-19P and errata include provisions for:

- Added to R074-19P as carryover from R021-18RP3 Section 1.  
Section 1. The proposed amendment to (NAC 457.295) appended to the end of this regulation increases the fee for the issuance or renewal of a mammographer's certificate from \$88 to \$200.
- Added to R074-19P from R021-18RP3 Section 15.  
Existing regulations adopt by reference certain sections of federal regulations regarding the physical protection of certain quantities of radioactive material. (NAC 459.1232) Section 28 of this regulation removes one section of federal regulations that previously adopted by reference.
- Added to R074-19P from R021-18RP3 Section 24.  
Existing regulations provide the requirements for a general license for source materials. Existing regulations prohibit a person from initially transferring or distributing source material to persons who have certain general licenses unless authorized by a specific license issued pursuant to

several regulatory provisions relating to the licensing of radioactive material. (NAC 459.212) Section 29 of this regulation prohibits such initial transfer or distribution unless authorized by a specific license issued pursuant to one particular regulatory provision relating to initially transfer source material.

- Section 16 of this regulation revises the three accrediting organizations down to two, by removing the Australian Society of Medical Imaging and Radiation Therapy, or its successor organization.
- Section 17 of this regulation applies to a person who is applying to the Division for the issuance or renewal of a license or a limited license pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, shall pay the applicable fee for the issuance or renewal of a license or limited license which is set forth in this section.
- Section 18 of this regulation revises the scope of practice for the holder of a limited license.
- Section 19 of this regulation clarifies that to renew his or her license, limited license or rural authorization, the license holder or person who holds a rural authorization issued pursuant to section 24 of this regulation shall maintain and provide to the Division evidence that he or she has completed not less than the required amount of continuing education credits set forth in this section.
- Section 20 of this regulation revises the level of supervision required for the holder of a limited license. Pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 1 of section 34 of Senate Bill 130, a person who holds a limited license may perform radiologic imaging, as specified by his or her limited license, only while under the direct supervision of a licensed practitioner.
- Section 22 of this regulation requires a person who holds a license or limited license to notify the Division of any change in his or her mailing address or name.
- Section 23 of this regulation authorizes the Division, while inspecting a machine that produces radiation or radioactive materials, to request documentation which shows that the operators of such machines satisfy the applicable requirements for training and credentialing that applies to a person who holds a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging.
- Section 24 of this regulation provides that a person who does not hold a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging to take X-ray photographs may be issued a rural authorization by the Division before taking X-ray photographs.
- Section 25 of this regulation sets forth the information a person must provide to the Division to be issued such a license or limited license. Section 25 requires such a person to pay the fee for the issuance of a license or limited license that is set forth in section 17.
- Section 26 requires the Division to issue a provisional license to a person who meets the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) and provides any information required pursuant to paragraph (c) of section 75 of Senate Bill No. 130.
- Section 27 of this regulation authorizes a person who holds a license or limited license, holds a registration or who applies for a license, limited license or registration and who has reason to believe that certain actions taken by the Division against him or her is incorrect or based on inadequate facts to request an informal discussion with certain employees of the Division. Section 27 authorizes the person to request an informal conference with the Division if the informal discussion does not resolve the complaint.
- Please refer to the errata Sheet for LCB File No. R074-19P for additional information.

### **POSSIBLE OUTCOME IF PROPOSED AMENDMENT IS NOT APPROVED**

NAC 457, 459, and 653 regulations are for the health and safety of Nevadans. Updating, adding new and repealing regulations assures that the public and the regulated community are safe when in the presence of ionizing radiation. Compatibility with the Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations is a requirement of the U.S. NRC for agreement states such as Nevada. If the proposed amendment is not approved these protections could be compromised.

## **JUSTIFICATION OF FEES**

Added to LCB File No. R074-19P is carryover from LCB File No. R021-18RP3 Section 1. The Division recognizes that the Board of Health (BOH) deferred a decision on the fee increase in Section 1 during the last meeting on December 6, 2019, in order for them to be decided upon together with LCB File No. R074-19P. The proposed amendment to NAC 457.295 authorizes an increase of fees for the issuance or renewal of a mammographer's certificate from \$88 to \$200. This fee increase provides funding for the integration of existing mammographer certification processes with the new licensing requirements pursuant to Senate Bill 130 (SB 130). Pursuant to the requirements of the state budget office, fees collected to regulate technologists are in a different spending category than other fees collected by the Radiation Control Program. Since the licensing of radiological technologists, which includes mammographers, is in a different spending category, the administrative staff have had to charge their time to these fees to process the certificates of authorization (license). Their time includes processing of payments, database entry, billing, assistance using the online licensing system, late and expired certificates, and answering the public inquiries regarding the application process. Historically, mammography fees were only used to cover the cost of technical staff reviewing applications. Since October 2019, \$45,816 has been expended in Program staff time to process interim letters of authorization and over \$30,000 will be needed to modify the on-line licensing system. This does not include license application review, licensing, or inspecting/enforcement. The \$200 fee for a two-year license, or a three-year mammography Certificate of Authorization were calculated to support only two staff members.

The Radiation Control Program held multiple public meetings to consider the proposed regulations and fees prescribed in SB 130. Nevada's licensing fee structure was compared against eight other western states, Arizona, California, Montana, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. There are differences in the fees charged by each state and not all states have a similar number of applicants. None of the other states provide for enforcement or inspect for licensure at time of inspection, unless there is a complaint and an audit is performed. The term of licensure was standardized at 2 years for a single license issued and an average of the fees was calculated. Nevada does not charge a separate fee for application and licensing and does not charge for an additional modality license. California charges \$224 for a general radiographic license that includes fluoroscopy, but any additional modality license costs \$112 each. Arizona has a greater number of applicants than Nevada which helps justify their lower fee structure as their revenue is much higher. It is determined that Nevada charges a fee to issue a license that is in line with the coverage and services provided. The fees charged for licensure were closely tailored to program administration and implementation costs. The funds will be used to provide services for the administrative hire of two full time employees to manage the licensing processes and provide for vendor supported data integration with existing registration systems.

## **JOINT COMMISSION AND AMERICAN REGISTRY of RADIOLOGIC TECHNOLOGIST (ARRT) REGULATIONS**

The Radiation Control Program (RCP) is the state regulatory and enforcement body regarding the licensing of persons to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging. The RCP will verify through routine state inspections that all persons requiring licensure are properly licensed pursuant to SB 130 and that the regulations in NAC 653 are enforced. The RCP has developed regulations and may issue different types of licensure and authorizations. While there is some overlap with accrediting and credentialing organizations, the RCP differs in that we issue and regulate licenses in Nevada. The Joint Commission inspects an organization for compliance with their elements of performance in order to receive accreditation. The American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) is a credentialing organization that recognizes qualified individuals in medical imaging, interventional procedures, and radiation therapy.

## **PUBLIC COMMENT RECEIVED**

A Small Business Impact Questionnaire was sent to registrants and licensees. A Small Business Impact Statement was prepared based upon the returned questionnaires. Staff has determined that there is no impact on small businesses in the state of Nevada.

NEVADA DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (DPBH) Radiation Control Program (RCP) held a Public Hearing on October 29, 2019 to consider proposed regulations prescribed in SB 130, (LCB File No. R074-19P). No written comment was received from the public. Verbal comment was received from the public that related primarily to the cost of licensure. Additional comments discussed the requirements for and the process of applying for licensure.

NEVADA DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (DPBH) Radiation Control Program (RCP) held a Public Meeting with a quorum of the Radiation Therapy and Radiologic Imaging Advisory Committee on January 7, 2020 to consider proposed regulations prescribed in SB 130, (LCB File No. R074-19P). No written comment was received from the public. Verbal comment was received from the public that related primarily to the cost of licensure. Additional comments discussed the requirements for and the process of applying for licensure.

NEVADA DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (DPBH) Radiation Control Program (RCP) held a Public Workshop on January 27, 2020 to consider proposed regulations prescribed in SB 130, (LCB File No. R074-19P). Proposed amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapters 457, 459 and 653. No written comment was received from the public. Verbal comment was received from the public that related primarily to the cost of licensure. Additional comments discussed the requirements for and the process of applying for licensure.

## **STAFF RECOMMENDATION**

Staff recommends that the State Board of Health adopt the proposed amended regulations to NAC 457 Cancer, NAC 459 Hazardous Materials, and NAC 653 Radiation Therapy and Radiologic Imaging in LCB File No. R074-19P and errata as presented.

## **PRESENTER**

Karen Beckley, Chief, Bureau of Health Protection and Preparedness, Division of Public and Behavioral Health.

**PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE  
STATE BOARD OF HEALTH**

**LCB File No. R074-19**

November 15, 2019

EXPLANATION – Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [~~omitted material~~] is material to be omitted.

**AUTHORITY:** §§1-16, 18-23, 26 and 27, section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460); §§17, 24 and 25, section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460) and NRS 439.150; §§28 and 29, NRS 459.201.

A REGULATION relating to radiation; defining the terms “crime involving moral turpitude” and “unprofessional conduct”; establishing certain fee amounts; setting forth the scope of practice for radiologist assistants and persons who hold licenses or limited licenses to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging; setting forth continuing education requirements; setting forth the supervision requirements that apply to a person who holds a limited license; designating three additional national accrediting organizations that may accredit educational programs for certain licenses; providing the process through which a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging may be renewed; requiring a license holder to notify the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services of any change in his or her mailing address or name; authorizing the Division to request that the operators of certain machines satisfy certain requirements; setting forth the requirements a person must satisfy to be issued a rural authorization; requiring certain persons to provide certain information and pay a fee before he or she is issued a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging; requiring the Division to issue a provisional license or provisional registration in certain situations; setting forth the process for an informal discussion and informal conference to resolve certain complaints; revising the list of items that are adopted by reference; revising certain provisions relating the transfer of source material; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel’s Digest:**

Senate Bill No. 130 of the 2019 Legislative Session created a new chapter in the Nevada Revised Statutes that governs the licensing and regulation of persons who engage in radiation

therapy and radiologic imaging. Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the State Board of Health to adopt certain regulations governing such persons.

If the holder of a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging commits certain violations, section 48 of Senate Bill No. 130 authorizes the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services to: (1) deny, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a license or limited license; (2) impose limitations on the practice of a holder of such a license or limited license; or (3) impose a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per violation. (Section 48 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2731 (NRS 653.700)) Such disciplinary measures apply to a license holder who has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude or who engaged in unprofessional conduct. Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the Board to adopt regulations that define the terms “crime involving moral turpitude” and “unprofessional conduct.” (Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460)) **Sections 14 and 15** of this regulation, respectively, define the terms “crime involving moral turpitude” and “unprofessional conduct.”

Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the Board to adopt regulations that establish the fees for the application for and the issuance and renewal of a license or a limited license. (Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460)) **Section 17** of this regulation requires an applicant for the issuance or renewal of a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging to pay the applicable fee and establishes such fee amounts. **Section 17** further requires the Division to refund a portion of the fee collected to the person who paid the fee if the payment of the fee was made in error.

Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the Board to adopt regulations defining the scope of practice for radiologist assistants and persons who hold licenses and limited licenses to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging. (Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460)) **Section 18** of this regulation defines the scope of practice for: (1) radiologist assistants; (2) persons who hold a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy; (3) persons who hold a license or limited license to engage in radiologic imaging; and (4) persons who hold a limited license to engage in radiologic imaging.

Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the Board to adopt regulations prescribing the requirements for continuing education for the renewal of a license or limited license. Such regulations must require the holder of a license to complete more hours of continuing education than the holder of a limited license. (Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460)) **Section 19** of this regulation establishes such continuing education requirements. **Section 19** provides that: (1) a person who holds a license must complete either 24 hours or 50 hours of continuing education, depending on the person’s

area of practice; and (2) a person who holds a limited license must complete 20 hours of continuing education.

Section 37 of Senate Bill No. 130 authorizes the holder of a limited license to perform radiologic imaging only: (1) within the scope of the limited license; and (2) under the supervision required by the regulations adopted by the Board. (Section 37 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.520)) Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the Board to adopt regulations prescribing: (1) the qualifications of a person who is authorized to supervise the holder of a limited license; (2) the tasks for which such supervision is required; and (3) the level of supervision required. (Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460)) **Section 20** of this regulation sets forth these requirements for supervision.

Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130 authorizes the Board to adopt any other regulations necessary or convenient to carry out the provisions of the new provisions enacted that govern radiation therapy or radiologic imaging. (Section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460))

Section 36 of Senate Bill No. 130 authorizes the Division to issue a license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging to a person who has successfully completed an educational program accredited by certain national accrediting organizations or by another national accrediting organization approved by the Division. (Section 36 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.510)) **Section 16** of this regulation provides three such additional national accrediting organizations: (1) a regional accrediting agency, as recognized by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists; (2) the Conjoint Accreditation Services of the Canadian Medical Association; and (3) the Australian Society of Medical Imaging and Radiation Therapy.

Section 35 of Senate Bill No. 130 provides that a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging expires 2 years after the date on which the license was issued and must be renewed on or before that date. (Section 35 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2724 (NRS 653.500)) **Section 21** of this regulation sets forth the requirements for the renewal of the license or limited license. **Section 21** further provides that if an application to renew a license or limited license is received in a certain period of time and the applicant has not satisfied the requirements for renewal, the Division shall provide to the applicant a notice which explains that the Division will not renew the license or limited license. **Section 21** authorizes the applicant to correct the errors that result in such a notice within a certain period of time. If the applicant fails to correct such errors in his or her application, **section 21** requires the Division to send a notice of denial of renewal to the applicant. **Section 21** authorizes an applicant to request a hearing to contest the notice of denial to renew. If the applicant's license or limited license is not renewed, the applicant may submit an application to be issued a new license or limited license.

**Section 22** of this regulation requires a person who holds a license or limited license to notify the Division of any change in his or her mailing address or name.

**Section 23** of this regulation authorizes the Division, while inspecting a machine that produces radiation or radioactive materials, to request documentation which shows that the operators of such machines satisfy the applicable requirements for training and credentialing that applies to a person who holds a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging.

Section 43 of Senate Bill No. 130 authorizes a person who does not hold a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging to take X-ray photographs if the person: (1) registers with the Division; (2) completes certain training and continuing education; and (3) such X-ray photographs are taken as part of his or her employment as an independent contractor in a rural health clinic or federally-qualified health center that is located in a county whose population is less than 55,000 and has established a quality assurance program for X-ray photographs. (Section 43 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729 (NRS 653.620)) **Section 24** of this regulation provides that such a person must be issued a rural authorization by the Division before taking X-ray photographs. **Section 24** sets forth the requirements a person must satisfy to be issued or to renew a rural authorization. Such requirements include the payment of a fee set forth in **section 17**. **Section 26** of this regulation requires the Division to issue a provisional registration to a person who has applied for a rural authorization but has not yet been issued a rural authorization.

Section 75 of Senate Bill No. 130 requires the Division to issue a license or limited license to a person who: (1) is performing radiation therapy or radiologic imaging as part of his or her employment on or before January 1, 2020; (2) registers with the Division; and (3) provides any information requested by the Division. (Section 75 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2744) **Section 25** of this regulation sets forth the information a person must provide to the Division to be issued such a license or limited license. **Section 25** requires such a person to pay the fee for the issuance of a license or limited license that is set forth in **section 17**. **Section 26** requires the Division to issue a provisional license to such a person while the person is waiting to be issued or denied his or her license or limited license.

**Section 26** additionally requires the Division to issue: (1) a provisional license to a person who has not been performing radiation therapy or radiologic imaging as part of his or her employment on or before January 1, 2020, and applies for a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging but has not been issued or denied such a license or limited license; and (2) a provisional registration to a person who has performed computed tomography or fluoroscopy on January 1, 2020, and has registered with the Division to continue to perform computed tomography or fluoroscopy but has not been issued or denied such registration.



**Section 27** of this regulation authorizes a person who holds a license or limited license, holds a registration or who applies for a license, limited license or registration and who has reason to believe that certain actions taken by the Division against him or her is incorrect or based on inadequate facts to request an informal discussion with certain employees of the Division. **Section 27** authorizes the person to request an informal conference with the Division if the informal discussion does not resolve the complaint. The determination of the Division that results from the informal conference cannot be appealed and is the final remedy available to the person.

Existing regulations adopt by reference certain sections of federal regulations regarding the physical protection of certain quantities of radioactive material. (NAC 459.1232) **Section 28** of this regulation removes one section of federal regulations that previously adopted by reference.

Existing regulations provide the requirements for a general license for source materials. Existing regulations prohibit a person from initially transferring or distributing source material to persons who have certain general licenses unless authorized by a specific license issued pursuant to several regulatory provisions relating to the licensing of radioactive material. (NAC 459.212) **Section 29** of this regulation prohibits such initial transfer or distribution unless authorized by a specific license issued pursuant to one particular regulatory provision relating to initially transfer source material.

**Section 1.** Chapter 653 of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 27, inclusive, of this regulation.

**Sec. 2.** *As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 2 to 13, inclusive, of this regulation have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.*

**Sec. 3.** *“Contact hour” means 50 minutes of learning or instruction.*

**Sec. 4.** *“Continuing education activity” means a course or program that is planned, organized and administered to:*

*1. Provide sufficient depth and scope of a subject area; and*

*2. Enhance the knowledge and skill that underlies the professional performance that a license holder uses to provide services to patients, the public or the medical profession.*

**Sec. 5.** *“Continuing education credit” means 1 contact hour in a continuing education activity that is:*

*1. Approved by the Division; or*

*2. Prescribed and recognized by:*

*(a) The American Registry for Radiologic Technologists, or its successor organization;*

*(b) The Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification Board, or its successor organization;*

*(c) An regional accrediting agency, as recognized by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists;*

*(d) The Conjoint Accreditation Services of the Canadian Medical Association; or*

*(e) The Australian Society of Medical Imaging and Radiation Therapy.*

**Sec. 6.** *“Division” means the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services.*

**Sec. 7.** *“License” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 26 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722 (NRS 653.350).*

**Sec. 8.** *“License holder” means a person who holds a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging issued pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at pages 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive).*

**Sec. 9.** *“Licensed practitioner” means a person who is licensed or authorized pursuant to chapters 630 to 640, inclusive, of NRS.*

**Sec. 10.** *“Limited license” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 27 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722 (NRS 653.360).*

**Sec. 11.** *“Radiation therapy” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 29 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722 (NRS 653.380).*

**Sec. 12.** *“Radiologic imaging” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 30 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722 (NRS 653.390).*

**Sec. 13.** *“Radiologist assistant” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 31 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722 (NRS 653.400).*

**Sec. 14.** *For the purpose of paragraph (e) of subsection 1 of section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460), “crime involving moral turpitude” means:*

*(a) A crime committed by a license holder that resulted in harm to a patient of the license holder;*

*(b) A crime of dishonesty that might impair the ability of a license holder to perform his or her duties; or*

*(c) A violation by the license holder of any federal or state law that regulates the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug within the immediately preceding 7 years.*

*2. The term includes, without limitation:*

*(a) Any abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment by the license holder of a patient of such the license holder who is an older person or vulnerable person, including, without limitation, a violation of:*

*(1) NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive; or*

*(2) A law or regulation of the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States that prohibits the same or similar conduct.*

*(b) A violation by the license holder of NRS 422.450 to 422.590, inclusive.*

*3. As used in this section:*

*(a) “Abandonment” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

*(b) “Abuse” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

*(c) “Crime of dishonesty” means any crime involving fraud or false personation.*

*(d) “Dangerous drug” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 454.201.*

*(e) “Exploitation” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

*(f) “Isolation” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

*(g) “Neglect” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

*(h) “Older person” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

*(i) “Vulnerable person” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.*

**Sec. 15.** *For the purpose of paragraph (e) of subsection 1 of section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460), “unprofessional conduct” means when a license holder engages in the following conduct:*

*1. A departure from or failure to conform to the rules of applicable federal, state or local governments regarding the practice of radiation therapy and radiologic imaging. If no such rule exists, a departure from or failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice for radiation therapy and radiologic imaging.*

*2. Any practice of radiation therapy and radiologic imaging that may create unnecessary danger to the life, health or safety of the patient of the license holder.*

*↳ Actual injury to a patient of the license holder or the public need not be established for a license holder to engage in unprofessional conduct.*

**Sec. 16.** *For the purpose of subsection 1 of section 36 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.510), the Division may issue a license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging to a person who is certified pursuant to subsection 2 of section 36 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.510), and who has successfully completed an educational program accredited by:*

*1. A regional accrediting agency, as recognized by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists;*

*2. The Conjoint Accreditation Services of the Canadian Medical Association, or its successor organization; or*

*3. The Australian Society of Medical Imaging and Radiation Therapy, or its successor organization.*

**Sec. 17.** *1. A person who is applying to the Division for the issuance or renewal of a license or a limited license pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at pages 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive), shall pay the applicable fee for the issuance or renewal of a license or limited license which is set forth in this section.*

2. *Before issuing or renewing a license or a limited license, the Division shall charge and collect the issuance or renewal fee which is set forth in this section.*

3. *The Division shall charge and collect the following fees:*

<i>For the issuance or renewal of a license or a limited license pursuant to section 36 or 37 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.510, 653.520) .....</i>	<i>200</i>
<i>For the issuance or renewal of a license or a limited license section 38 or 39 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2726 (NRS 653.530, 653.540).....</i>	<i>200</i>
<i>For issuance of a provisional license .....</i>	<i>25</i>
<i>For issuance of a temporary student license pursuant to subsection 3 of section 42 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729 (NRS 653.610).....</i>	<i>25</i>
<i>For issuance of a duplicate license or a duplicate limited license .....</i>	<i>25</i>
<i>For the issuance or renewal of a rural authorization pursuant to section 24 of this regulation.....</i>	<i>50</i>
<i>For the issuance or renewal of a registration to perform computed tomography or fluoroscopy if the person performed computed tomography or fluoroscopy as part of his or her employment on January 1, 2020, as provided in subsection 3 of section 43 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729 (NRS .....</i>	<i>200</i>

653.620).....

*4. If the payment of an applicable fee was made in error, the Division shall refund the fee collected pursuant to subsection 3. The Division may deduct from this refund amount an amount that is calculated to cover the administrative costs related to the issuance of the refund.*

*Sec. 18. For the purpose of defining the scope of practice pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of section 34 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460):*

*1. A radiologist assistant who is authorized to practice pursuant to section 41 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2728 (NRS 653.600):*

*(a) May perform any duties relating to the care and management of patients, including, without limitation, radiologic imaging and interventional procedures guided by radiologic imaging, under the supervision of a radiologist who is certified by the American Board of Radiology, or its successor organization, or the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology, or its successor organization, in the areas of patient care, patient management, clinical imaging and interventional procedures.*

*(b) May provide initial observations concerning the images of a patient to a supervising physician who specializes in radiology.*

*(c) Shall not interpret images, make diagnoses, prescribe medication or therapies or otherwise engage in the practice of medicine, as defined in NRS 630.020.*

*2. A person who holds a license or a limited license to engage in radiation therapy issued pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at pages 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive), may:*

*(a) Administer ionizing radiation emitted from X-ray machines, particle accelerators or sealed radioactive sources to human beings for therapeutic purposes.*

*(b) Perform simulation, procedures related to treatment planning, treatment delivery and dosimetric calculations as prescribed by a physician who is certified in radiation oncology by the American Board of Radiology, or its successor organization, or the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology, or its successor organization.*

*(c) Participate in procedures involving brachytherapy.*

*3. A person who holds a license or a limited license to engage in radiologic imaging issued pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive), may:*

*(a) While under the supervision of a licensed practitioner, if applicable, use ionizing radiation for diagnostic purposes or to visualize a medical condition by applying the ionizing radiation emitted from X-ray machines to any part of the human body;*

*(b) In conjunction with the study of radiation, administer contrast agents and related drugs for diagnostic purposes.*

*(c) Perform diagnostic radiographic and noninterpretive fluoroscopic procedures, as prescribed by a licensed practitioner, and may assist the licensed practitioner with fluoroscopic and specialized radiologic procedures.*



*4. A person who holds a limited license to engage in radiologic imaging issued pursuant to section 37 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.520), may:*

*(a) Perform diagnostic radiographic procedures that are prescribed by a licensed practitioner on the specific areas of interest that are within the scope of practice of such a person.*

*(b) Assist a licensed practitioner or radiographer during static radiographic procedures.*

*(c) Perform radiographic examinations within the scope of practice of such a person.*

**Sec. 19. 1.** *To renew his or her license, limited license or rural authorization, the license holder or person who holds a rural authorization issued pursuant to section 24 of this regulation shall maintain and provide to the Division evidence that he or she has completed not less than the required amount of continuing education credits set forth in this section.*

*2. If applicable, the license holder or person who holds a rural authorization issued pursuant to section 24 of this regulation shall provide to the Division the certificate or list for the continuing education credits that is provided by American Registry for Radiologic Technologists, or its successor organization, or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification Board, or its successor organization.*

*3. The license holder or person who holds a rural authorization issued pursuant to section 24 of this regulation shall provide to the Division, in addition to the information required in subsection 2, if applicable, the following information concerning his or her continuing education credits:*

*(a) The name of the participant;*

- (b) The date or dates of attendance;*
- (c) The title and content of the continuing education activity;*
- (d) The number of continuing education credit hours earned; and*
- (e) The name of the organization sponsoring or providing the continuing education activity.*

*4. A continuing education activity that lasts longer than 1 contact hour is assigned whole or partial continuing education credit based on the contact hour.*

*5. A continuing education activity that lasts for 30 minutes or less must receive no continuing education credit.*

*6. All continuing education activities must be evaluated and certified by a recognized continuing education evaluation mechanism. For an organization to qualify as a recognized continuing education mechanism, the organization must be:*

- (a) National in scope;*
- (b) A nonprofit entity; and*
- (c) Radiology based or medical imaging-based.*

*7. A person who holds a license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging issued pursuant to section 36 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.510), must complete the applicable continuing education credits listed below before renewing his or her license:*

*(a) If the person holds a license to engage in radiation therapy, he or she must complete 24 continuing education credits.*

*(b) If the person holds a license to engage in radiologic imaging, he or she must complete 24 continuing education credits.*

*(c) If the person practices as a radiologist assistant, he or she must complete 50 continuing education credits.*

*8. A person who holds a limited license to engage in radiologic imaging issued pursuant to section 37 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2725 (NRS 653.520), must complete 20 continuing education credits relating to category A or A+, as established by the American Registry for Radiologic Technologists, before renewing his or her limited license.*

*9. A person who holds a rural authorization issued pursuant to section 24 of this regulation must complete 20 continuing education credits relating to category A or A+, as established by the American Registry for Radiologic Technologists, before renewing his or her rural authorization.*

*10. As used in this section, “recognized continuing education evaluation mechanism” is a radiology-based or medical imaging-based organization that the American Registry for Radiologic Technologists has approved to evaluate the content, quality and integrity of proposed continuing education activities. Such evaluation includes, without limitation, the evaluation of the educational objectives of a continuing education activity, content relevancy and assurance, faculty qualifications and education methods and materials. The following organizations have the recognized continuing education evaluation mechanism status:*

*(a) American College of Radiology;*

*(b) American Healthcare Radiology Administrators;*

- (c) American Institute of Ultrasound in Medicine;*
- (d) American Roentgen Ray Society;*
- (e) American Society of Nuclear Cardiology;*
- (f) American Society of Radiologic Technologists;*
- (g) Association of Vascular and Interventional Radiographers;*
- (h) Canadian Association of Medical Radiation Technologists;*
- (i) Medical Dosimetrist Certification Board;*
- (j) Radiological Society of North America;*
- (k) Society of Diagnostic Medical Sonography;*
- (l) Society for Magnetic Resonance Technologist of International Society for Magnetic Resonance in Medicine;*
- (m) Society of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging Technologist Section; and*
- (n) Society for Vascular Ultrasound.*

**Sec. 20. 1.** *Pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 1 of section 34 of Senate Bill 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2723 (NRS 653.460), a person who holds a limited license may perform radiologic imaging, as specified by his or her limited license, only while under the direct supervision of a licensed practitioner.*

**2.** *When providing the direct supervision pursuant to subsection 1, the licensed practitioner:*

- (a) Is responsible for and must control the quality, radiation safety and protection and any other technical aspect of using ionizing radiation on human beings for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes.*

*(b) Must be:*

*(1) Present in the same area or an adjacent area to where the holder of the limited license is performing radiologic imaging; and*

*(2) Available to furnish immediate assistance and direction throughout the radiologic imaging.*

*Sec. 21. 1. The Division shall not renew a license or limited license unless the applicant for renewal of the license or limited license provides to the Division evidence that he or she has:*

*(a) Satisfied:*

*(1) The qualifications for the renewal of a license or limited license set forth in sections 2 to 27, inclusive, of this regulation and in sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive); and*

*(2) The continuing education requirements set forth in section 19 of this regulation; and*

*(b) Paid the fee for the renewal of a license or limited license, as applicable, set forth in section 17 of this regulation.*

*2. If the Division receives an application to renew a license or limited license 90 days before the expiration of the license or limited license, the Division shall determine if the applicant for the renewal of the license or limited license has satisfied the requirements set forth in subsection 1. If the Division determines that an applicant for the renewal of the license or limited license has not satisfied the requirements set forth in subsection 1, the*

*Division shall send a notice to the applicant explaining any deficiency which prevents the renewal of the license or limited license. Such notice must set forth a date by which the applicant must correct such a deficiency. Such notice must be sent to the applicant:*

*(a) Within 90 days of the receipt of the application for the renewal or the license or limited license by the Division; or*

*(b) Thirty days before the expiration date of the license or limited license,*

*↳ whichever occurs earlier.*

*3. An applicant for renewal of a license or limited license may, at any time while his or her application is pending, including, without limitation, before receiving the notice pursuant to subsection 2 or after receiving the notice pursuant to subsection 2, submit additional information to the Division to satisfy the requirements set forth in subsection 1 or to correct a deficiency that would result in receiving a notice pursuant to subsection 2. If the applicant fails to provide additional information to the Division by the date set forth in the notice received pursuant to subsection 2, the Division shall issue a notice to the applicant that explains that the Division has denied his or her application to renew the license or limited license.*

*4. An applicant who has received a notice of denial to renew the license or limited license issued pursuant to subsection 3 may request a hearing before the Administrator of the Division within 10 business days after the receipt of the notice. The applicant has the burden of proof in such a hearing. The applicant may appeal the determination of the Administrator for judicial review in the manner set forth in NRS 233B.121 to 233B.150, inclusive.*

*5. If the license or limited license of an applicant is not renewed and the applicant does not succeed in his or her appeal pursuant to subsection 4, the applicant may submit a new application for the issuance of a license or limited license. The applicant shall not engage in radiologic imaging or radiation therapy unless he or she has been issued a license or limited license from the Division.*

*Sec. 22. 1. A license holder shall notify the Division of any change in the mailing address of the license holder or of any change in name, including, without limitation, a change in name that results from marriage, within 10 business days after such a change. A license holder may make such a notice either in writing or through the Internet website of the Division.*

*2. If a license holder fails to notify the Division pursuant to subsection 1, the Division shall not consider such failure to notify:*

*(a) A cause to delay any administrative proceedings involving the license holder that may subsequently occur; or*

*(b) As excusing the license holder from complying with any of the provisions of sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive), or the provisions of sections 2 to 27, inclusive, of this regulation.*

*Sec. 23. While inspecting a machine that produces radiation or radioactive materials, the Division may request documentation which shows that the operators of such machines satisfy the applicable requirements for training and credentialing that applies to license holders.*

**Sec. 24. 1.** *A person who seeks to take X-ray photographs pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 43 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729, must be issued a rural authorization by the Division before taking such X-ray photographs.*

*2. To be issued the rural authorization that is required pursuant to subsection 1, a person must:*

*(a) Submit to the Division a completed application form for rural authorization;*

*(b) Pay the fee for the issuance of a rural authorization set forth in section 17 of this regulation;*

*(c) Submit to the Division a completed and signed statement prescribed by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520;*

*(d) Attest to knowledge of and compliance with the guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention concerning the prevention of transmission of infectious agents through safe and appropriate injection practices; and*

*(e) Provide any additional information that the Division requests.*

*3. A rural authorization issued pursuant to section 1 expires 2 years after the date on which the rural authorization was issued and must be renewed.*

*4. To renew a rural authorization issued pursuant to subsection 1, the person who holds the rural authorization must:*

*(a) Submit to the Division a completed application form for the renewal of the rural authorization;*



*(b) Pay the fee for the renewal of a rural authorization set forth in section 17 of this regulation;*

*(c) Submit to the Division a completed and signed statement prescribed by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520;*

*(d) Attest to knowledge of and compliance with the guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention concerning the prevention of transmission of infectious agents through safe and appropriate injection practices;*

*(e) Complete the applicable continuing education requirements set forth in section 19 of this regulation; and*

*(f) Provide any additional information that the Division requests.*

**Sec. 25. 1.** *Pursuant to section 75 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2744, the Division shall issue a license or a limited license to a person who:*

*(a) Is performing radiation therapy or radiologic imaging as part of his or her employment on or before January 1, 2020;*

*(b) Registers with the Division; and*

*(c) Provides the information set forth in subsection 2 to the Division.*

**2.** *A person seeking to obtain a license or limited license pursuant to subsection 1 must:*

*(a) Submit to the Division a completed application form for a license or limited license;*

*(b) Pay the fee for the issuance of a license or limited license, as applicable, set forth in section 17 of this regulation;*

*(c) Submit to the Division a signed attestation of employment in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging on or before January 1, 2020, including, without limitation, a description of his or her scope of practice;*

*(d) Submit to the Division a completed and signed statement prescribed by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520; and*

*(e) Provide any additional information that the Division requests.*

**Sec. 26. 1.** *The Division shall issue a provisional license or provisional limited license to a person who meets the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) and provides any information required pursuant to paragraph (c) of section 75 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2744.*

*2. The Division shall issue a provisional registration to a person who:*

*(a) Takes X-ray photographs as part of his or her employment on or before January 1, 2020, and has submitted an application to be issued a rural authorization pursuant to section 24 of this regulation; or*

*(b) Has submitted a registration form to the Division pursuant to subsection 3 of section 43 Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729 (NRS 653.620).*

*3. A provisional license, provisional limited license or provisional registration issued pursuant to subsection 1 or 2, as applicable, may not be renewed and expires:*

*(a) On the date on which the holder of the provisional license, provisional limited license or provisional registration, as applicable, is issued a license, limited license or a registration, as applicable, by the Division;*

*(b) On the on which the application of the holder of the provisional license, provisional limited license or provisional registration, as applicable, is denied by the Division; or*

*(c) One year after the date on which the holder of the provisional license, provisional limited license or provisional registration, as applicable, is initially employed to engage in radiation therapy, radiologic imaging, taking X-ray photographs or performing computed tomography or fluoroscopy, as applicable.*

*Sec. 27. 1. A license holder, person who holds a registration pursuant to section 43 of Senate Bill No. 130, Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729 (NRS 653.620) or an applicant for a license or limited license or for such a registration who has reason to believe that an action taken by the Division against the license holder or applicant pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at pages 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive), is incorrect or based on inadequate facts may, within 10 business days of receiving a notice of such an action, request an informal discussion with the employee of the Division who is responsible for the action and the immediate supervisor of the employee.*

*2. If the informal discussion entered into pursuant to subsection 1 does not resolve the complaint, the license holder, person who holds a registration pursuant to section 43 of Senate Bill No. 130, Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2729 (NRS 653.620) or an applicant for a license or limited license or for such a registration who has reason to believe that an action taken by the Division pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2722-32 (NRS 653.310 to 653.910, inclusive), is incorrect or based on inadequate facts may, within 10 business days*

*after the date of the informal discussion, submit a written request to the Division for an informal conference of at least three persons chosen by the Division that does not include the employees of the Division listed in subsection 1. The informal conference must be scheduled for a date, place and time that is agreed to by the license holder, person who holds a registration or applicant, as applicable, and the Division. Such an informal conference must occur not later than 60 days after the date on which the Division received the written request for the informal conference. If the license holder, person who holds a registration or applicant, as applicable, and the Division cannot agree to a date, place and time for the informal conference, the Division shall designate the date, place and time of the informal conference.*

*3. The determination of the Division that results from the informal conference cannot be appealed and is the final remedy available to the license holder or applicant.*

*4. The provisions of this section do not apply to a complaint that falls under the scope of section 48 or 49 of Senate Bill No. 130, chapter 435, Statutes of Nevada 2019, at page 2731 (NRS 653.700, 653.720).*

**Sec. 28.** NAC 459.1232 is hereby amended to read as follows:

459.1232 1. The provisions of 10 C.F.R. Part 37 are hereby adopted by reference, subject to the following:

(a) The exclusion of the following definitions from 10 C.F.R. § 37.5:

- (1) “Act”;
- (2) “Commission”;
- (3) “Government agency”; and

(4) “License.”

(b) Any reference in 10 C.F.R. Part 37 to:

(1) “Byproduct material” shall be deemed a reference to “radioactive material.”

(2) “Commission” or “NRC” shall be deemed a reference to “Division.”

(3) “Commission or an Agreement State” shall be deemed a reference to “Division, Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an agreement state.”

(4) “Commission’s regulations,” “federal regulations” or “NRC regulations” shall be deemed a reference to “NAC 459.010 to 459.950, inclusive.”

(5) “NRC license” shall be deemed a reference to “license issued by the Division pursuant to NAC 459.010 to 459.950, inclusive.”

(6) “NRC Operations Center,” “NRC Regional Office listed in § 30.6(a)(2)” or “Director, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards” shall be deemed a reference to “the provisions of NAC 459.134 and the contact information described in the State of Nevada Radiological Emergency Response Plan.”

(c) The following sections of 10 C.F.R. Part 37 are not adopted by reference:

(1) Section 37.1;

(2) Section 37.3;

(3) Section 37.7;

(4) Section 37.9;

(5) Section 37.11(b);

(6) Section 37.13;

(7) ~~Section 37.77(f);~~

~~(8)~~ Section 37.107; and

~~(9)~~ (8) Section 37.109.

2. A copy of the publication that contains 10 C.F.R. Part 37 may be obtained by mail from the Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, Missouri 63197-9000, or by toll-free telephone at (866) 512-1800, at the price of \$67, or free of charge at the Internet address <http://www.gpoaccess.gov/cfr/index.html>.

**Sec. 29.** NAC 459.212 is hereby amended to read as follows:

459.212 1. A general license is hereby issued authorizing commercial and industrial firms, research, educational and medical institutions and federal, state and local governmental agencies to receive, possess, use and transfer uranium and thorium, in their natural isotopic concentrations and in the form of depleted uranium for research, development, educational, commercial or operational purposes in the following forms and quantities:

(a) Not more than 1.5 kilograms (3.3 pounds) of uranium and thorium in dispersible forms, including, without limitation, gaseous, liquid and powder forms, at any one time. Any material processed by the general licensee that alters the chemical or physical form of the material containing source material must be accounted for as a dispersible form. A person authorized to possess, use and transfer source material under this paragraph may not receive more than a total of 7 kilograms (15.4 pounds) of uranium and thorium in any 1 calendar year. Persons possessing source material in excess of these limits on August 27, 2013, may:

(1) Continue to possess up to 7 kilograms (15.4 pounds) of uranium and thorium at any one time through August 27, 2014, or until the Division takes final action on a pending application submitted on or before August 27, 2014, for a specific license for such material; and

(2) Receive up to 70 kilograms (154 pounds) of uranium or thorium in any 1 calendar year until December 31, 2014, or until the Division takes final action on a pending application submitted on or before August 27, 2014, for a specific license for such material; and

(b) Not more than one of the following:

(1) A total of 7 kilograms (15.4 pounds) of uranium and thorium at any one time. A person authorized to possess, use and transfer source material under this subsection may not receive more than a total of 70 kilograms (154 pounds) of uranium and thorium in any 1 calendar year. A person may not alter the chemical or physical form of the source material possessed under this subsection unless it is accounted for under the limits of paragraph (a).

(2) Seven kilograms (15.4 pounds) of uranium, removed during the treatment of drinking water, at any one time. A person may not remove more than 70 kilograms (154 pounds) of uranium from drinking water during a calendar year under this subsection.

(3) Seven kilograms (15.4 pounds) of uranium and thorium at laboratories for the purpose of determining the concentration of uranium and thorium contained within the material being analyzed at any one time. A person authorized to possess, use and transfer source material under this subsection may not receive more than a total of 70 kilograms (154 pounds) of source material in any 1 calendar year.

2. Any person who receives, possesses, uses or transfers source material in accordance with the general license issued in subsection 1:

(a) Is prohibited from administering source material, or the radiation therefrom, either externally or internally, to human beings except as may be authorized by the Division in a specific license.

(b) Shall not abandon such source material. Source material may be disposed of as follows:

(1) A cumulative total of 0.5 kilogram (1.1 pounds) of source material in a solid, nondispersible form may be transferred each calendar year, by a person authorized to receive, possess, use and transfer source material under the general license to persons receiving the material for permanent disposal. The recipient of source material transferred under the provisions of this subparagraph is exempt from the requirements to obtain a license under this section to the extent the source material is permanently disposed. This subparagraph does not apply to any person who is in possession of source material under a specific license issued pursuant to NAC 459.180 to 459.3154, inclusive; or

(2) In accordance with NAC 459.359.

(c) Is subject to the provisions of NAC 459.010 to 459.116, inclusive, 459.124, 459.126, 459.128, 459.134, 459.135, 459.180, 459.196, 459.198, 459.208, 459.312, 459.373 and 459.792.

(d) Shall respond to written requests from the Division to provide information relating to the general license within 30 calendar days after the date of the request, or such other time as specified in the request. If the person cannot provide the requested information within the allotted time, the person shall, within that same time period, request a longer period to supply the information by providing the Division, in accordance with NAC 459.134, a written justification for the request.

(e) Shall not export such source material except in accordance with 10 C.F.R. Part 110.

3. Any person who receives, possesses, uses or transfers source material in accordance with subsection 1 shall conduct activities so as to minimize contamination of the facility and the environment. When activities involving such source material are permanently ceased at any site,



if evidence of significant contamination is identified, the general licensee shall notify the Division, in accordance with NAC 459.134, about such contamination and may consult with the Division as to the appropriateness of sampling and restoration activities to ensure that any contamination or residual source material remaining at the site where source material was used under this general license is not likely to result in exposures that exceed the limits set forth in NAC 459.3178.

4. A person who receives, possesses, uses or transfers source material pursuant to the general license issued under this section is exempt from the provisions of NAC 459.320 to 459.374, inclusive, and 459.780 to 459.794, inclusive, to the extent that the activities are within the terms of the general license except that such person shall comply with the provisions of NAC 459.359 to the extent necessary to meet the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection 2 and subsection 3. This exemption does not apply to any person who also possesses a specific license issued pursuant to NAC 459.180 to 459.3154, inclusive.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, no person may initially transfer or distribute source material to persons generally licensed under paragraph (a) of subsection 1, or equivalent regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an agreement state, unless authorized by a specific license issued in accordance with NAC ~~459.180 to 459.3154, inclusive,~~ **459.241** or equivalent provisions of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an agreement state. This prohibition does not apply to analytical laboratories returning processed samples to the client who initially provided the sample. Initial distribution of source material to persons generally licensed by paragraph (a) of subsection 1 before August 27, 2013, without specific authorization may continue through August 27, 2014. Distribution may also be

continued until the Division takes final action on a pending application for a license or license amendment to specifically authorize distribution submitted on or before August 27, 2014.

6. A general license is also issued authorizing the receipt of title to source material without regard to quantity. This general license does not authorize any person to receive, possess, use or transfer source material.

**Sec. 30.** Section 26 of this regulation expires by limitation on January 1, 2021.

**NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING**

Intent to Adopt Regulations  
(LCB File No. R074-19P  
and errata)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the State Board of Health will hold a public hearing to consider amendments to Chapter 457 of Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Cancer, Chapter 459 of Nevada Administrative Code, Hazardous Materials and Chapter 653 of Nevada Administrative Code, Radiation Therapy and Radiologic Imaging. This public hearing is to be held in conjunction with the State Board of Health meeting on March 6, 2020. The NAC 457, NAC 459 and NAC 653 regulation changes will be heard in the order placed on the State Board of Health agenda.

The State Board of Health will be conducted via videoconference beginning at 9:00 a.m. on Friday, March 6, 2020 at the following locations:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health 4150 Technology Way Room 303 Carson City, NV 89076	Grant Sawyer Building 555 E. Washington Ave. Room 1400 Las Vegas, NV 89101
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The proposed addition/change of regulations to NAC 457, NAC 459 and NAC 653 in LCB File No. R074- 19 and errata include provisions for:

- Added to R074-19P as carryover from R021-18RP3 Section 1.  
Section 1. The proposed amendment to (NAC 457.295) appended to the end of this regulation increases the fee for the issuance or renewal of a mammographer’s certificate from \$88 to \$200.
- Added to R074-19P from R021-18RP3 Section 15.  
Existing regulations adopt by reference certain sections of federal regulations regarding the physical protection of certain quantities of radioactive material. (NAC 459.1232) Section 28 of this regulation removes one section of federal regulations that previously adopted by reference.
- Added to R074-19P from R021-18RP3 Section 24.  
Existing regulations provide the requirements for a general license for source materials. Existing regulations prohibit a person from initially transferring or distributing source material to persons who have certain general licenses unless authorized by a specific license issued pursuant to several regulatory provisions relating to the licensing of radioactive material. (NAC 459.212) Section 29 of this regulation prohibits such initial transfer or distribution unless authorized by a specific license issued pursuant to one particular regulatory provision relating to initially transfer source material.
- The proposed definition for Scope of Practice pursuant to NRS 653.460 is added to the section containing definitions.

- Section 16 of this regulation revises the three additional national accrediting organizations down to two.
- Section 17 of this regulation applies to a person who is applying to the Division for the issuance or renewal of a license or a limited license pursuant to sections 22 to 51, inclusive, of Senate Bill No. 130, shall pay the applicable fee for the issuance or renewal of a license or limited license which is set forth in this section.
- Section 18 of this regulation revises the scope of practice for the holder of a limited license.
- Section 19 of this regulation clarifies that to renew his or her license, limited license or rural authorization, the license holder or person who holds a rural authorization issued pursuant to section 24 of this regulation shall maintain and provide to the Division evidence that he or she has completed not less than the required amount of continuing education credits set forth in this section.
- Section 20 of this regulation revises the level of supervision required for the holder of a limited license. Pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 1 of section 34 of Senate Bill 130, a person who holds a limited license may perform radiologic imaging, as specified by his or her limited license, only while under the direct supervision of a licensed practitioner.
- Section 22 of this regulation requires a person who holds a license or limited license to notify the Division of any change in his or her mailing address or name.
- Section 23 of this regulation authorizes the Division, while inspecting a machine that produces radiation or radioactive materials, to request documentation which shows that the operators of such machines satisfy the applicable requirements for training and credentialing that applies to a person who holds a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging.
- Section 24 of this regulation provides that a person who does not hold a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy or radiologic imaging to take X-ray photographs may be issued a rural authorization by the Division before taking X-ray photographs.
- Section 25 of this regulation sets forth the information a person must provide to the Division to be issued such a license or limited license. Section 25 requires such a person to pay the fee for the issuance of a license or limited license that is set forth in section 17.
- Section 26 requires the Division to issue a provisional license to a person who meets the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) and provides any information required pursuant to paragraph (c) of section 75 of Senate Bill No. 130.
- Section 27 of this regulation authorizes a person who holds a license or limited license, holds a registration or who applies for a license, limited license or registration and who has reason to believe that certain actions taken by the Division against him or her is incorrect or based on inadequate facts to request an informal discussion with certain employees of the Division. Section 27 authorizes the person to request an informal conference with the Division if the informal discussion does not resolve the complaint.
- Please refer to the Errata Sheet for LCB File No. R074-19P for additional information.

1. Anticipated effects on the business which NAC 457, NAC 459 and NAC 653 regulates:
  - A. *Adverse effects*: The agency concludes the proposed regulations will produce a negligible impact on small businesses.
  - B. *Beneficial*: Clearly defines what is expected of the regulated community. Protects the public from unnecessary exposure to harmful ionizing radiation. Amends and modifies existing language to make regulations more clear, current and compatible with the intent and scope of the Radiation Control Program.
  - C. *Immediate*: The stated adverse and beneficial effects would be immediate impacts as soon as the proposed regulations become effective.
  - D. *Long-term*: The long-term impacts would be the same as the immediate impacts as it is not be expected that the impacts would go away.
2. Anticipated effects on the public:
  - A. *Adverse*: None anticipated.
  - B. *Beneficial*: Increased public health and safety.
  - C. *Immediate*: Increased public health and safety.
  - D. *Long-term*: Increased public health and safety.
3. There is no estimated cost to the Division of Public and Behavioral Health for enforcement of the proposed regulations. Enforcement of the proposed regulations will be incorporated into current administrative, registration, licensing and inspection processes.
4. The amendment to NAC 457.295 of this regulation increases the fee for the issuance or renewal of a mammographer's certificate from \$88 to \$200. The amendments to NAC 653 establish the applicable fees for the issuance or renewal of a license or limited license as required by Senate Bill 130.
5. The proposed regulations do not overlap or duplicate any other Nevada state regulations.
6. Per NRS 233B.0608(3), The Division of Public and Behavioral Health prepared and distributed a Small Business Impact Questionnaire (SBIQ) to all licensee's and registrants of the Radiation Control Program. The responses received were analyzed and used to generate the Small Business Impact Statement (SBIS) which was approved by the Administrator on January 9, 2020.
7. Members of the public may make oral comments at this meeting. Persons wishing to submit written testimony or documentary evidence in excess of two typed, 8-1/2" x 11" pages must submit the material to the Board's Secretary, Lisa Sherych, to be received no later than February 14, 2020 at the following address:

Secretary, State Board of Health  
Division of Public and Behavioral Health  
4150 Technology Way, Suite 300  
Carson City, NV 89706

Written comments, testimony, or documentary evidence in excess of two typed pages will not be accepted at the time of the hearing. The purpose of this requirement is to allow Board members adequate time to review the documents.

A copy of the notice and proposed regulations are on file for inspection and/or may be copied at the following locations during normal business hours:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health  
675 Fairview Drive, Suite 218  
Carson City, NV 89701-5629

Division of Public and Behavioral Health  
4220 S. Maryland Parkway, Bldg. D,  
Suite 810  
Las Vegas, NV 89119

Nevada State Library and Archives  
100 N. Stewart Street  
Carson City, NV 89701

Copies may be obtained in person, by mail, or by calling the Radiation Control Program at (775) 687-7550 in Carson City.

A copy of the regulations and this notice can also be found on-line by going to:

[http://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RPM/Radiation\\_Producing\\_Machines\\_-\\_Home/](http://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RPM/Radiation_Producing_Machines_-_Home/)  
[http://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RAM/Radioactive\\_Material\\_Program\\_\(RAM\)\\_-\\_Home/](http://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RAM/Radioactive_Material_Program_(RAM)_-_Home/)  
<https://www.leg.state.nv.us/Register/2019Register/R074-19P.pdf> (Regulations Only)  
<https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/>

Copies may also be obtained from any of the public libraries listed below:

Carson City Library  
900 North Roop Street  
Carson City, NV 89702

Humboldt County Library  
85 East 5<sup>th</sup> Street  
Winnemucca, NV 89445-3095

Clark County District Library  
833 Las Vegas Boulevard  
North Las Vegas, NV 89101

Lincoln County Library  
93 Maine Street  
Pioche, NV 89043-0330

Elko County Library  
720 Court Street  
Elko, NV 89801

Mineral County Library  
110 1<sup>st</sup> Street  
Hawthorne, NV 89415-1390

Eureka Branch Library  
210 South Monroe Street  
Eureka, NV 89316-0283

Pershing County Library  
1125 Central Avenue  
Lovelock, NV 89419-0781

Tonopah Public Library  
167 Central Street  
Tonopah, NV 89049-0449

White Pine County Library  
950 Campton Street  
Ely, NV 89301-1965

Churchill County Library  
553 South Maine Street  
Fallon, NV 89406

Douglas County Library  
1625 Library Lane  
Minden, NV 89423

Esmeralda County Library  
Corner of Crook and 4<sup>th</sup> street  
Goldfield, NV 89013-0484

Henderson District Public Library  
280 S. Green Valley Pkwy  
Henderson, NV 89102

Lander County Library  
625 South Broad Street  
Battle Mountain, NV 89820-0141

Lyon County Library  
20 Nevin Way  
Yerington, NV 89447-2399

Pahrump Library District  
701 East Street  
Pahrump, NV 89041-0578

Storey County Library  
95 South R Street  
Virginia City, NV 89440-0014

Washoe County Library  
301 South Center Street  
Reno, NV 89505-2151

Per NRS 233B.064(2), upon adoption of any regulation, the agency, if requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within 30 days thereafter, shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, and incorporate therein its reason for overruling the consideration urged against its adoption.

## SMALL BUSINESS IMPACT STATEMENT 2020

### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO NAC Chapter 653 pertaining to LCB File No. R074-19.

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) has determined that the proposed amendments should not have any adverse effect upon a small business or negatively impact the formation, operation, or expansion of a small business in Nevada.

A small business is defined in Nevada Revised Statutes NRS 233B as a "business conducted for profit which employs fewer than 150 full-time or part-time employees." This small business impact statement is made pursuant to NRS 233B.0608 (3) and complies with the requirements of NRS 233B.0609. As required by NRS 233B.0608(3), this statement identifies the methods used by the agency in determining the impact of the proposed regulation on a small business in sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 below and provides the reasons for the conclusions of the agency in section 8 below followed by the certification by the person responsible for the agency.

#### Background

A REGULATION relating to radiation; defining the terms "crime involving moral turpitude" and "unprofessional conduct;" establishing certain fee amounts; setting forth the scope of practice for radiologist assistants and persons who hold licenses or limited licenses to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging; setting forth continuing education requirements; setting forth the supervision requirements that apply to a person who holds a limited license; designating three additional national accrediting organizations that may accredit educational programs for certain licenses; providing the process through which a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging may be renewed; requiring a license holder to notify the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services of any change in his or her mailing address or name; authorizing the Division to request that the operators of certain machines satisfy certain requirements; setting forth the requirements a person must satisfy to be issued a rural authorization; requiring certain persons to provide certain information and pay a fee before he or she is issued a license or limited license to engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging; requiring the Division to issue a provisional license or provisional registration in certain situations; setting forth the process for an informal discussion and informal conference to resolve certain complaints; revising the list of items that are adopted by reference; revising certain provisions relating the transfer of source material; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**1) A description of the manner in which comment was solicited from affected small businesses, a summary of their response and an explanation of the manner in which other interested persons may obtain a copy of the summary.**

Pursuant to NRS 233B.0608 (2)(a), the Division of Public and Behavioral Health has requested input from stakeholders, small businesses, registrants, and licensees that are likely to be affected by the proposed regulations.



A Small Business Impact Questionnaire was sent to approximately 2465 licensees and registrants of the Radiation Control Program along with a link to the proposed regulation changes, on September 19, 2019. The questions on the questionnaire were:

- 1) How many employees are currently employed by your business?
- 2) Will a specific regulation have an adverse economic effect upon your business?
- 3) Will the regulation(s) have any beneficial effect upon your business?
- 4) Do you anticipate any indirect adverse effects upon your business?
- 5) Do you anticipate any indirect beneficial effects upon your business?

**Summary of Response**

**Summary of Comments Received  
(41 responses were received out of 2465  
small business impact questionnaires distributed)**

<b>Will a specific regulation have an adverse economic effect upon your business?</b>	<b>Will the regulation(s) have any beneficial effect upon your business?</b>	<b>Do you anticipate any indirect adverse effects upon your business?</b>	<b>Do you anticipate any indirect beneficial effects upon your business?</b>
Yes – 6 No – 18 Unknown – 17	Yes – 1 No – 24 Unknown – 16	Yes – 4 No – 19 Unknown – 18	Yes – 0 No – 25 Unknown – 16

<b>Number of Respondents out of 2465</b>	<b>Adverse economic effect?</b>	<b>Beneficial effect?</b>	<b>Indirect adverse effects?</b>	<b>Indirect beneficial effects?</b>
41	6	1	4	0

**2) Describe the manner in which the analysis was conducted.**

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health prepared and distributed a Small Business Impact Questionnaire to all licensee’s and registrants of the Radiation Control Program. The responses received were analyzed using a spreadsheet formatted to quantify total responses and comments. A Public Workshop will be held on January 27, 2020 allowing for further input by the public and regulated community regarding the proposed regulations and how they will impact small businesses. These comments will be taken into consideration for possible revisions to the regulations to reduce the economic impact on facilities. Nevada’s licensing fee structure was compared against eight other western states: Arizona, California, Montana, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. The term of licensure has been standardized at 2 years for a single license issued or renewed and an average of the fees calculated. None of the other states provide for enforcement or inspection of licenses at time of inspection unless there is a complaint and an audit is performed. It is determined that Nevada charges a fee to issue a new license that is approximately \$35.00 more than the

average. Nevada charges a fee for renewal of a license that is approximately \$79.00 more than the average.

- 3) The estimated economic effect of the proposed regulation on the small business which it is to regulate including, without limitation both adverse and beneficial effects and both direct and indirect effects.**

There is no estimated economic effect of the proposed regulations on small business.

- 4) Provide a description of the methods that the agency considered to reduce the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and a statement regarding whether the agency actually used any of those methods.**

The Radiation Control Program held a Public Hearing on October 29, 2019 to consider the proposed regulations prescribed in SB 130. The proposed regulations and licensing requirements were discussed. The fees charged for licensure were closely tailored to the program expenses to minimize the impact on persons requiring licensure. DPBH kept the fees at a minimal level by using efficiencies in the administration of the program including integration with existing registration requirements.

- 5) The estimated cost to the agency for enforcement of the proposed regulation.**

The cost to the agency for enforcement of the proposed regulations is two new full-time employees.

- 6) If the proposed regulation provides a new fee or increases an existing fee, the total annual amount DPBH expects to collect and the manner in which the money will be used.**

The total annual amount of fees expected can only be calculated by counting the number of applications received to date. As this is a new regulation, there is no preexisting database which lists the number of persons required to be licensed pursuant to SB 130. The number of licenses issued cannot be estimated based on the number of small business impact questionnaires sent out, as they do not account for the number of people requiring licensure at each facility. Additionally, the questionnaires were only distributed to small businesses; larger businesses employ many individuals that are now required to be licensed.

As of this date, the Division has received 2288 applications for licensure. This represents an amount of \$457,600 coming due every two years. This equates to a total annual amount of \$228,800. The funds will be used to provide services for the administrative hire of two full time employees to review the applications and the issuance of licenses.

- 7) **An explanation of why any duplicative or more stringent provisions than federal, state, or local standards regulating the same activity are necessary.**

There are no duplicative or more stringent provisions than federal, state, or local standards.

- 8) **Provide a summary of the reasons for the conclusions of the agency regarding the impact of a regulation on small businesses.**

The agency concludes the proposed regulations will produce a negligible impact on small businesses. The fees charged cover the costs associated with issuing and renewing licenses, processing corrections, tracking expiration and enforcement as required. The fees are charged to the individual applying for licensure, not to the small businesses. Overall, small businesses in the state of Nevada appear not to be impacted by the proposed regulations.

Any other persons interested in obtaining a copy of the summary may e-mail, call, or mail in a request to Glen Gimenez at the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at:

**DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH**

Bureau of Health Protection and Preparedness

Radiation Control Program

675 Fairview Drive, Suite 218

Carson City, Nevada 89701-5629

Attn: Glen Gimenez, Radiation Control Supervisor

Phone: (775) 687-7542

Email: [glgimenez@health.nv.gov](mailto:glgimenez@health.nv.gov)

**Certification by Person Responsible for the Agency**

I, Lisa Sherych, Administrator of the Division of Public and Behavioral Health certify to the best of my knowledge or belief, a concerted effort was made to determine the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and the information contained in this statement was prepared properly

Signature

Date : 1/9/2020

## NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORKSHOP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN; the Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health will hold an open meeting to consider amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 457 and (NAC) Chapter 459 related to radiation to radiation therapy and radiological imaging in LCB File No. R074-19 in reference to SB 130 which amends Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 653.

The workshop will be conducted via videoconference beginning at 3:00 pm, January 27, 2020, at the following locations:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health 4150 Technology Way Room 303 Carson City, Nevada 89706	Division of Public and Behavioral Health 2080 East Flamingo Road, Suite 319 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
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Teleconference 1-877-810-9415 Access code: 3054502

The workshop will be conducted in accordance with NRS 241.020, Nevada's Open Meeting Law.

### **AGENDA**

1. Introduction of workshop process.
2. Public comment on proposed amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 457 and 459 related to radiation therapy and radiological imaging in LCB File No. R074-19 in reference to SB 130 which amends Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 653.
3. Public Comment.

The proposed changes will revise Chapter 457 of the Nevada Administrative Code and NAC 459 related to radiation therapy and radiological imaging and is being proposed in accordance to regulations in LCB File No. R074-19 in reference to SB 130 which amends Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 653.

The proposed addition/change of regulations will provide for:

- Radioactive Materials (RAM). To address licensing and regulation of individuals using radioactive materials for imaging and therapy.
- Radiation Producing Machines (RPM). To address the licensing and regulation of persons who engage in radiation therapy and radiologic imaging.
- Consideration of fees under NAC 457.295 (Section 1 of R021-18).

Members of the public may make oral comments at this meeting. Persons wishing to submit written testimony or documentary evidence may submit the material to Karen Beckley, Interim Radiation Control Manager, at the following address:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health  
Radiation Control Program  
675 Fairview Drive, Suite 218  
Carson City, NV 89701-5629  
FAX (775) 687-7552

Members of the public who require special accommodations or assistance at the workshops are required to notify Karen Beckley, Interim Radiation Control Program Manager, in writing at the Division of Public and Behavioral Health, 675 Fairview Drive, Suite 218, Carson City, NV 89701-5629 or by calling (775) 687-7550 no later than January 24, 2020.

A copy of the notice and the proposed regulations are on file for inspection and/or may be copied at the following locations during normal business hours:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health  
675 Fairview Drive, Suite 218  
Carson City, NV 89701-5629

Division of Public and Behavioral Health  
4220 S. Maryland Parkway, Bldg. D, Ste. 810  
Las Vegas, NV 89119

Nevada State Library and Archives  
100 Stewart Street  
Carson City, NV 89701

A copy of the regulations and workshop information can also be found on-line by going to:  
Nevada State Division of Public and Behavioral Health Radiation Control Program:

[http://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RPM/Radiation\\_Producing\\_Machines\\_-\\_Home/](http://dpbh.nv.gov/Reg/RPM/Radiation_Producing_Machines_-_Home/)

Nevada Legislature Website: <https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/>

A copy of this notice has been posted at the following locations:

1. Division of Public and Behavioral Health, 4150 Technology Way, First Floor Lobby, Carson City
2. Nevada State Library and Archives, 100 Stewart Street, Carson City
3. Legislative Building, 401 S. Carson Street, Carson City
4. Grant Sawyer Building, 555 E. Washington Avenue, Las Vegas
5. Washoe County District Health Department, 9<sup>TH</sup> and Wells, Reno

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Carson City, NV 89702

Churchill County Library  
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Fallon, NV 89406

Clark County District Library  
833 Las Vegas Boulevard North  
Las Vegas, NV 89101

Douglas County Library  
1625 Library Lane  
Minden, NV 89423

Elko County Library  
720 Court Street  
Elko, NV 89801

Eureka Branch Library  
210 South Monroe Street  
Eureka, NV 89316-0283

Humboldt County Library  
85 East 5<sup>th</sup> Street  
Winnemucca, NV 89445-3095

Lincoln County Library  
93 Maine Street  
Pioche, NV 89043-0330

Mineral County Library  
110 1<sup>st</sup> Street  
Hawthorne, NV 89415-1390

Pershing County Library  
1125 Central Avenue  
Lovelock, NV 89419-0781

Tonopah Public Library  
167 Central Street  
Tonopah, NV 89049-0449

White Pine County Library  
950 Campton Street  
Ely, NV 89301-1965

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Corner of Crook and 4<sup>th</sup> Street  
Goldfield, NV 89013-0484

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Henderson, NV 89105

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625 South Broad Street  
Battle Mountain, NV 89820-0141

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20 Nevin Way  
Yerington, NV 89447-2399

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Pahrump, NV 89041-0578

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