EMiddle Schoel Summary Score

Substance	Data Indicator	Magnitude	Time Trends	Comparison Data	Overall
Alcohol	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	High (1)		unknown	
Akohol	Driving under the influence/Ever rode in a car with someone whe was drinking (YRBS)	High (2)	~	unknewn	
Vaping Producis	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	High (3)	1		
Marijuana	Driving under the influence/Ever role in a car with someone who was using (YRBS)	Moderate (4)	~	unknewn	
Marijuana	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	Moderate (5)	1	1	
Alcohol	Early initiation/Use before age 11 (YRBS)	Mederate (6)		unknown	
Vaping Products	Current/30-Day Use (YRBS)	Moderate (7)	1	· · · · · ·	
Alcohol	Curren1/30-Day Use (YRBS)	Moderate (8)	~	unknown	
Prescription Daugs	Lifetime Use/EverUsed (YRBS)	Moderate (9)	1	unknown	
Marijuana	Current/30-Day Use (YRBS)	Low (10)	~	X	
Vaping Products	Early Initiation/Use before age 11 (YRBS)	Low (11)	\rightarrow	unknown	

Time trend data is largely increasing across most indicators for middle school

VAPING has three lines -1 each in HIGH Moderate and LOW

Observations? s?

Observations? Since these are middle school students, we can't assume it was they who drove under the influence. More likely it was parents or olderfriends or siblings for both marijuana and aleohol.

Can't determine if there are any correlations between substance/use There is info on specific categories but do we know about the use of more than one substance type (polysubstance use)?

Alcohol use and access for middle school students is alarming, especially given brain development at this life stage

Vaping is the only item on here that is n't a "substance" itself - it's a mechanism of ingestion. Concerned over impaired driving whether ALCOHOL and MARIJUANA ? Lifetime use for vaping comparison data is going down

Marijuana time trends all seem to be on an upward trend for each data indicator

30 day use an issue for most substances

Surprised marijuana "current/30 day use" is low magnitude

Missing comparison data. I wish the epi profile were more robust. Marijuana is often a first drug used and continues to be a concern, especially with retail marijuana. Alcohol is #1 High and Steady in time.

Substance	Data Indicator	Magnitude	Time Trends	Comparison Data	Overali
Alcenol	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (excluding religious purloses) (YRBS)	High (1)	-	unkisewn	
Vaping Products	Liletime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	High (2)			
Marijuana	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	High (3)		-	
Alcehol	Current/30.Day Use (YRBS)	High (4)			
Vaping Products	Current/30-Day Use (YRBS)	High (5)	1	-	
Marijuana	Current/34-Day Use (YRBS)	Moderate (6)*	\rightarrow		
Prescription Ontos	Liletime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	Moderate (6)*	~	~	
Alcohol	Early Initiation/Use before age 13 (YRBS)	Moderale (8)	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	
Akohol	Ever rode in a car with someone whe was drinking (YRBS)	Moderaie (9)			
Alcohol	Participated in binge drinking during the 30 days before the survey (YRBS)	Moderate (10)			ę.
Vapleng Products	Early Initiation/Use before age 13 (YRBS)	Løw (11)		~	
Alcohol	Drove a car when they had been drinking (YRBS)	Low (1 2)		\rightarrow	

High School Summary Score

Magnitude was equal for both

Interesting that when compared to middle school these trends are not increasing as much overtime	Observations? Yes, middle school and younger is over taking high school	Seemsourdata is more consistent with national data in the high school categoly
	I wish we were able to determine access for prescription drugs	Agreed - not only NOT increasing - but dropping in some instances.



Do we know if these trends are the same for urban vs. rural high schools? Youth use seemsto continueto focus on the big three, alcohol, tobacco and marijuana. which may be the same for many years, @Stephanie, is that your recollection?

Adult Populations Summary Score

Comparison data is against prior samples of the same population?

Are e-cigarettes different from vaping?

Substance	Population	Data Indicator	Magnitude	Time Trends	Co
Marjuana	LGBTQ	Current/30-Day Use (BRFSS)	High (1)	UN kn owN	
Cigarettes	LGBT	Current/30-Day Use (BRFSS)	High (2)	unknown	
Mar i ua n a	Aeluit	Current/30-Day Use (BRFSS)	Moderate (3)	, A	
Aleehel	A duit	Binge drinkers (BRFSS)	Moderate (4)	\rightarrow	- 25
E-cigareties	LGBTQ	Current /30-Day Use (BRFSS)	Moderate (5)	un kn own	
Alcehol	Adult	Heavy drinkers (BRFSS)	Low (6)		-
E-cigarettes	Adult	Current/30-Day Use (BRFSS)	Low (7)	unknown	



Any way to overlay alcohol use, and smoking, plus gambling?

Is there problem gambling here?

Any delineation between marijuana smoked and edibles?

Legalization of marijuana has increased use given ease of access. Not suprised on this going up.



How can we increase the data we get for youth, to adults? I know it's a different data source, but it's quite useful to have the increase in data points to consider.

Observations? 30-day use again is high and overall these are higher than nation so a priority for this population

How does BRFSS define 'Binge drinking'?

> alcohol has heavy and bing e drinking but no 30-day use?

> > Nothing is going down...

Emergency Department Encounters	Inpatient Admissions
Alcohol higher as primary diagnosis	Drug-related admissions higher overall
-Methamphetamines most common drug-	-Admissions with alcohol as primary diagnosis higher
related encounter	than drug as primary
-Marijuana second most common drug-related encounter	Marijuana-related admissions highest
pioid (not heroin) third most common drug- related encounter	Methamphetamines-related admissions second highest
12 V	-Opioids (not heroin) third-highest admissions
Treatment Center Data, in rank order of	Death Rates and Overdose Death Counts
frequency	
'Other" substances	Alcohol has a higher age adjusted death rate than drugs (combined)
Methamphetamines	Non-opioid related overdoses were higher than opioid- involved overdoses
Alcohol	-Methamphetamines were highest in overdose deaths
Cannabis	Of overdoses involving opioids: Prescriptions were
	highest
	Of overdoses involving opioids: Heroin/Heroin
	metaliolites were very close
	-Fentanyl involved in fewer but nationally increasing



Please rank order each substance in terms of severity based on your review of the data available in Nevada.







Funding for all substances/substances

Marijuana, alcohol, and methamphetamines

Tobacco, including vaping

Marijuana and opioids

Forthe multi substance funding categories would be nice to see a breakdown of where the funding is going.

●verall Summary:

Population Substance		Indicator	Score	
Middle Schoel	Marijuana	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	5	
Middle School	Marijuana	Current/30Day Use (YRBS)	4	
Middle School	Vaping Products	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	4	
Middle School	Vaping Products	Current/30-Day Use (YRBS)	4	
Middle School	Alcohol	Driving under the influence/ Ever rode in a car with someone whe was erinking (YRBS)	4	
High Schoel	Prescription Drugs	Lifetime Use/Ever Used (YRBS)	5	
High Schoel	Alcohol	Current/30-Day Use (YRBS)	4	
High School	Vaping Products	Current/30Day Use (YRBS)	4	
Aduli	Marliuana	Current /30-Day Use (BRFSS)	5	
LGBTQ	Marijuana	Current /30-Day Use (BRFSS)	4	
LGBTQ	Cigarettes	Current /30-Day Use (BRFSS)	4	





Lifetime use isn't a great indicator, and I would like to remove that from comparison if possible and keep 30 day use.

besides lifetime, everything is a score of 4

Fentanyl is an emerging issue, we should continue to monitor carefully.

In Overview: Priorities are based on 2019 data as reported in the 2020 Epi Profile. Need to also recognize emerging trends to stay on top of substance problems, such as fentanyi, pressed pills, kratem

> Is Fentanyl an issue in MS and HS? In NV, tends to be more an adult problem, and not seeking it or realizing it is in their substance