Weekly Report

2016 Week 2 (January 10 – January 06, 2016) through 2017 Week 2 (January 08 – January 14)

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February 2017
Edition 1.0
Data for the graphs and tables on the following pages are provisional and may be updated as additional information becomes available.

**Purpose**

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview of and statistics for the influenza season in Nevada for the local public health authorities, sentinel providers and the public.

**Sentinel Provider Data: Influenza-Like Illness Network Surveillance (ILINet)**

Respiratory specimens are tested for influenza by the World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NRVSS) collaborating laboratories by sub-type. During week 02, there were 33,222 specimens collected and tested for influenza, of those 6,407 were positive (19.3%).

**Figure 1**

![National Influenza Positive Tests by Week 53 Week Comparison (2016 WK 02 - 2017 WK 02)](chart1)


The Nevada total includes laboratory tests for all Nevada residents tested by sentinel providers including out of state laboratories. During week 02, there were 63 specimens collected and 32 were positive (51%). There is a two week delay for laboratory surveillance.

**Figure 2**

![Nevada (ILI Providers) Influenza Laboratory Confirmed Positive by Week 53 Week Comparison (2016 WK 02 - 2017 WK 02)](chart2)

*Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.*
Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) has tested 228 specimens for influenza from sentinel providers, of which there have been 196 positive (86%). Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) has tested 38 specimens this season of which there have been 2 positives. Nationally, there have been 326,213 specimens sent to the WHO and NERVSS laboratories of which 30,194 have been positive (9.03%). The national numbers in Table 1 are reflected in Figure 1. The state of Nevada data in Table 1 is reflected in Figure 2. The Nevada total includes laboratory test for all Nevada residents tested by sentinel providers, including out of state laboratories.

Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influenza Specimens Tested State and Nationally through Sentinel Providers</th>
<th>NSPHL</th>
<th>SNPHL</th>
<th>All Other Laboratories</th>
<th>State of Nevada (Week 02)</th>
<th>State of Nevada (Season)</th>
<th>National (Week 02)</th>
<th>National (Season)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specimens Tested</td>
<td>228</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>261</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>527</td>
<td>33,222</td>
<td>326,213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza Positives</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>50.8</td>
<td>226</td>
<td>42.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source of Data:** CDC: FluView Report and CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Surveillance Network has each sentinel provider report the number of patients seen that meet the ILI case definition and the total number of patients seen for any reason each week. The “percentage of visits for ILI” is the number of ILI patients divided by the total number of patients visit per week. Nevada’s percentage of ILI visits for week 02 is 1.7% which is above the state baseline of 1.5%. Region 9 ILI percentage for week 02 is 2.8% which is above the region baseline 2.5%. Region 9 includes the following states/territory: Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, and Nevada. The national ILI percentage for week 02 is 3.2% which is above the national baseline 2.5%.

**Figure 3**

Source of Data: CDC: Flu View Report and CDC: ILINet.
During week 02, 1.7% of visits to sentinel providers were due to ILI; this is higher than the 2015-2016 influenza season (1.1%). There were 17,122 patients seen by sentinel providers during week 02, of which 289 patients presented with ILI; week 02 of 2016, there were 197 patients seen with ILI (17,398 total patients seen).

Figure 4


Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness is reported by age groups. During week 02, patients age 0-4 were the greatest number of patients seen with ILI, at 89 patients seen. The rate for week 02 is 9.8 per 100,000 population. The rate is calculated by the number of patients presented with ILI, divided by the state population, multiplied by 100,000. The estimated state population for 2017 is 2,935,490.

Figure 5

ILINet: Influenza-like Illness by Age Group and MMWR Week and the Incidence Rate 53 Week Comparison (2016 WK 02 - 2017 WK 02)

Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza Positive Surveillance (NBS and NETSS)

Positive cases of influenza are reported to the state health authority for surveillance purposes. Table 2 and Figure 6 reflect all positive influenza cases reported to the state. Types of influenza testing include commercial rapid diagnostic test (rapid), viral culture, fluorescent antibody, enzyme immunoassay, RT-PCR (PCR), and Immunohistochemistry. The two most common test types in Nevada are Rapid and PCR tests. During week 02, there were 628 influenza cases reported to the state, 581 influenza A, 23 influenza B and 24 unknown subtyping.

Table 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reporting Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Reported Influenza Cases by County Jurisdiction and Influenza Type</th>
<th>Reported Influenza Cases</th>
<th>Cumulative Influenza Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carson City Health and Human Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Community Health Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>71</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Nevada Health District</td>
<td></td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County Health District</td>
<td></td>
<td>374</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Nevada</td>
<td></td>
<td>98</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Nevada</td>
<td></td>
<td>581</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.
Hospitalizations

There were 31 hospitalization associated with influenza reported to the state health authority for week 02.

Table 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reporting Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Current Week (Week 02)</th>
<th>Cumulative Influenza Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>#</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City Health and Human Services</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Community Health Services</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Nevada Health District</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>25.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County Health District</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>45.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Nevada</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Reported to Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology from each Jurisdiction.

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

The Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) mortality percentage is all deaths, where Pneumonia or Influenza is listed as the underlying or contributing cause of death, divided by the total deaths in Nevada for each week. As of January 30th, there were 39 P&I deaths and 444 total deaths for week 02 in Nevada. Nationally, the P&I mortality percent has not been published for week 02.

Source of Data: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.
Technical Notes

- Data are subject to changes, additionally, there is a lag in reporting.
- Influenza surveillance procedures vary by jurisdiction.
- Influenza-like illness (ILI): a fever greater than or equal 100°F with cough and/or sore throat.
- Percent positive: The number of positive influenza laboratory tests divided by the total number of tests performed.
- Incidence rate is per 100,000 population as estimated by the state demographer.

This report contains information from national and state-level data sources. Influenza surveillance data is collected by a various systems, including:

- Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet): a sentinel surveillance system in collaboration with the Centers for the Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) where outpatient providers report ILI information weekly.
- National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS): a system whereby data is transmits to CDC. Influenza data collected through NETSS does not provide influenza sub-typing information.
- National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS): a system for collecting data and monitoring disease trends and outbreaks.
- NEDSS Based System (NBS): an implementation of the NEDSS standards. It provides a secure, accurate, and efficient means of collecting, transmitting, and analyzing public health data.

Citations


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Recommended Citation:

This publication was supported by Cooperative Agreement Number TP000534-02 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and/or Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and/or Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response.