Influenza Weekly Report

2013 Week 52 (December 22 – 28) through 2014 Week 52 (December 21 – 27)

Department of Health and Human Services
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Data for the graphs and tables on the following pages are provisional and may be updated as additional information becomes available.

**Purpose**

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview of and statistics for the influenza season in Nevada for the local public health authorities, sentinel providers and the public.

**Influenza-Like Illness Network Surveillance (ILINet)**

Respiratory specimens are tested for influenza by the World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NRVESS) collaborating laboratories by sub-type. During week 52, there were 24,001 specimens collected and tested for influenza, of those 7,289 were positive (30.4%).

**Figure 1**

![National Influenza Positive Tests by Week](chart1)


The Nevada total includes laboratory tests for all Nevada residents including out of state laboratories. During week 52, there were 31 specimens collected and tested for influenza of which 26 were positive (83.9%).

**Figure 2**

![Nevada (ILI Providers) Influenza Laboratory Confirmed Positive by Week](chart2)

*Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.*
Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) has tested 134 specimens for influenza from sentinel providers, of which 97 have been positive (72.4%). Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) has tested 191 specimens this season of which 14 were positive. Nationally, there have been 211,359 specimens sent to the WHO and NERVSS laboratories of which 37,938 were positive or 17.9%. The national numbers in Table 1 are reflected in Figure 1. The state of Nevada data in Table 1 is reflected in Figure 2. The Nevada total includes laboratory test for all Nevada residents including out of state laboratories.

### Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>NSPHL</th>
<th>SNPHL</th>
<th>State of Nevada (Week 52)</th>
<th>State of Nevada (Season)</th>
<th>National (Week 52)</th>
<th>National (Season)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specimens Tested</strong></td>
<td>134</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>328</td>
<td>24,001</td>
<td>211,359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Positives to Influenza</strong></td>
<td>97</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>7,289</td>
<td>37,938</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source of Data: CDC: FluView Report and CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Surveillance Network has each sentinel providers report the number of patients that meet the ILI case definition and number of patients that visit the provider weekly. The “percentage of visits” is the number of ILI patients divided by the total number of patients visit per week. Nevada’s ILI percentage of visits to providers for week 52 is 3.5% and is above the state baseline 1.4, the 3rd consecutive week. Region 9 ILI percentage for week 52 is 3.9% and is above the region baseline 2.7. Region 9 includes the following states/territory: Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, and Nevada. The national ILI percentage for week 52 is 5.9% and is above the national baseline 2.0, for the 6th consecutive week.

### Figure 3

Percentage of Visits for ILI Reported to Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network, Comparison Between National, Regional, and State, 53 Week Comparison (2013 WK 52 - 2014 WK 52)

Source of Data: CDC: FluView Report and CDC: ILINet.

During week 52, 3.5% of visits to sentinel providers were due to ILI; this is below the 2013-2014 influenza season ILI percent by 0.6%. There were 14,126 patients seen by ILI providers during week 52, of these patients, 492 were presented with ILI.
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Figure 4

Nevada Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like Illness, Weekly Summary
53 Week Comparison (2009-2014)

Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness is reported by age groups, during week 52, patients age 0-4 were the greatest number of patients seen with ILI, at 167 patients seen. The rate for week 52 is 17.5 per 100,000. The rate is calculated by the number of patients presented with ILI divided by the state population multiplied by 100,000. The estimated state population for 2014 is 2,819,321.

Figure 5

ILINet: Influenza-like Illness by Age Group and MMWR Week and the Incidence Rate
53 Week Comparison (2013 WK 52 - 2014 WK 52)

Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

BioSense

The BioSense application is a monitoring system of the CDC's National Syndromic Surveillance Program that aims to increase the ability of state health authorities to track and respond to harmful health efforts of exposure to disease or hazardous conditions. The information extracted from BioSense for this report is only reflective of data where the patient’s age was provided. Therefore, the numbers don’t reflect all patients seen through BioSense for ILI, as data with missing age value is not included. During week 52, 366 patients were seen with ILI through BioSense, 2.9% of the total patients seen.

Table 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BioSense: Influenza-like Illness Monitoring by County Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Current Week (Week 52)</th>
<th>Cumulative Influenza Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reporting Jurisdiction</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City Health and Human Services</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>20.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Community Health Services</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>7.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Nevada Health District</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>47.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County Health District</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>23.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Nevada</td>
<td>366</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source of Data: BioSense.
Influenza-like Illness monitored through BioSense had the highest patient visits with ILI in the 25-49 age groups at 97 patients, which is different from the ILINet surveillance (age group 0-4). The total patient seen with ILI increased from week 51 to week 52, from 216 patients to 366 patients.

**Figure 6**

**BioSense: Influenza-like Illness by Age Group and Percent of Total Visits**

53 Week Comparison (2013 WK 52 - 2014 WK 52)

**Source of Data: BioSense.**

**Influenza Positive Surveillance (NBS and NETSS)**

Positive cases of influenza are reported to the state health authority for surveillance purposes. Figure 6 and Table 2 reflects all positive influenza cases reported to the state. Types of influenza testing include commercial rapid diagnostic test (rapid), viral culture, fluorescent antibody, enzyme immunoassay, RT-PCR (PCR), and Immunohistochemistry. The two most common test types in Nevada are Rapid and PCR tests. During week 52, there were 519 influenza cases reported to the state, 483 influenza A cases, 22 influenza B cases and 14 unknown subtyping.

**Figure 7**

**Weekly Reported Influenza by Subtype as Compared with Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections (RSV)**

53 Week Comparison (2013 WK 52 - 2014 WK 52)

**Source of Data: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.**
### Table 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reporting Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Reported Influenza Cases by County Jurisdiction and Influenza Type</th>
<th>Current Week (Week 52)</th>
<th>Cumulative Influenza Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>H1N1</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City Health and Human Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Community Health Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Nevada Health District</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County Health District</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Nevada</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>483</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.

### Hospitalizations

There have been 13 hospitalizations associated with influenza reported to the state health authority during week 52.

### Table 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reporting Jurisdiction</th>
<th>Influenza Hospitalizations</th>
<th>Current Week (Week 52)</th>
<th>Cumulative Influenza Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>#</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carson City Health and Human Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural Community Health Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Nevada Health District</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>38.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washoe County Health District</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>61.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Nevada</td>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Reported to Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology from each Jurisdiction.

### Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

The Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) mortality percentage is the deaths, where Pneumonia or Influenza is listed as the underlying or contributing cause of death, divided by the total deaths in Nevada for each week. Mortality data is currently unavailable at the state level. Nationally, the P&I mortality is below the national epidemic threshold at 6.8% (threshold 6.9%).

### Figure 8

Source: OVR: WEVRRS and CDC: FluView.
Technical Notes

- Influenza-like illness (ILI): a fever greater than or equal 100°F with cough and/or sore throat
- Percent positive: The number of positive influenza laboratory tests divided by the total number of tests performed.
- Incidence rate is per 100,000 population as estimated by the state demographer.

This report contains information from national and state-level data sources. Influenza surveillance data is collected by a various systems, including:

- Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet): a sentinel surveillance system in collaboration with the Centers for the Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) where outpatient providers report ILI information weekly.
- National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS): a system whereby data is transmits to CDC. Influenza data collected through NETSS does not provide influenza sub-typing information.
- National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS): a system for collecting data and monitoring disease trends and outbreaks.
- NEDSS Based System (NBS): an implementation of the NEDSS standards. It provides a secure, accurate, and efficient means of collecting, transmitting, and analyzing public health data.

Citations


Comments, suggestions, and requests for further information may be addressed to:

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