Influenza Weekly Report

2013 Week 40 (September 29 - October 5) through 2014 Week 40 (September 28 - October 4)

Department of Health and Human Services Division of Public and Behavioral Health Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology



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> October 2014 Edition 1.0

Data for the graphs and tables on the following pages are provisional and may be updated as additional information becomes available.

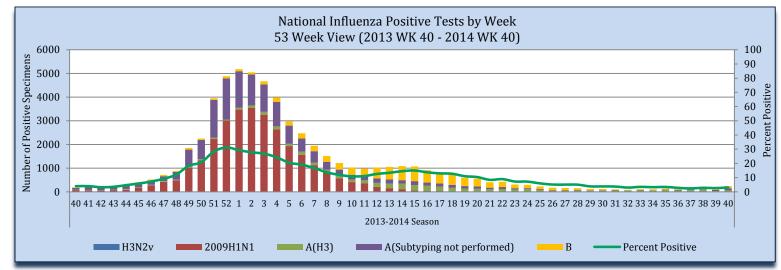
Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview of and statistics for the influenza season in Nevada for the local public health authorities, sentinel providers and the public.

Influenza-Like Illness Network Surveillance (ILINet)

Respiratory specimens tested for influenza by the World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NRVESS) collaborating laboratories by sub-type. During week 40 there were 7,942 specimens collected and tested for influenza, of those 240 were positive (3.0%).

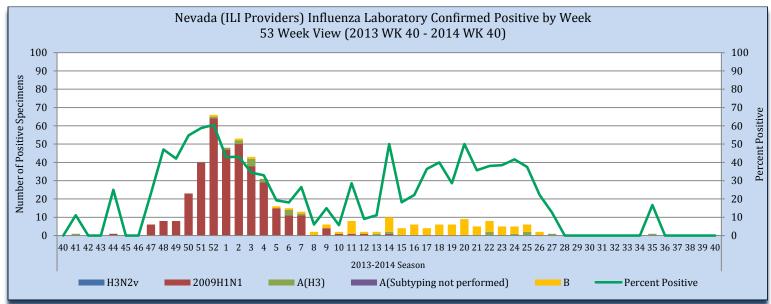




Source of Data: CDC: FluView Weekly Report.

The Nevada total includes laboratory tests for all Nevada residents including out of state laboratories. During week 40, there was 1 specimen collected and tested for influenza, which was negative.

Figure 2



Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

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Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) and Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) have not tested specimens for influenza this season. Nationally, there have been 7,942 specimens sent to the WHO and NERVSS laboratories with 240 positive or 3.0%. The national numbers in Table 1 are reflected in Figure 1. The state of Nevada data in Table 1 is reflected in Figure 2. The Nevada total includes laboratory test for all Nevada residents including out of state laboratories.

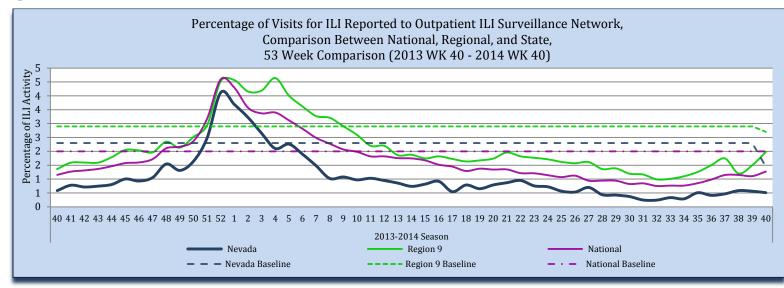
Table 1

ILINet Surveillance: Influenza Specimens Tested State and Nationally										
	NSPHL	SNPHL	State of Nevada (Week 40) # %		State of Nevada (Season)		National (Week 40)		National (Season)	
					#	%	#	%	#	%
Specimens Tested	0	0	1		1		7,942		7,942	
Positives to Influenza	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	240	3.0	240	3.0
<u>Influenza A:</u>	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	148	61.7	148	61.7
A(2009 H1N1)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
A(H3)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	55	37.2	55	37.2
A(Sub-typing not performed)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	93	62.8	93	62.8
<u>Influenza B:</u>	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	92	38.3	92	38.3

Source of Data: CDC: FluView Report and CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Surveillance Network has each sentinel providers report the number of patients that meet the ILI case definition and number of patients that visit the provider weekly. The "percentage of visits" is the number of ILI patients divided by the total number of patients visit per week. Nevada's ILI percentage of visits to providers for week 40 is 0.5% and is below the state baseline 1.4. Region 9 ILI percentage for week 40 is 2.0% and includes the following states/territory: Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, and Nevada. The national ILI percentage for week 40 is 1.3% and is below the national baseline 2.0.

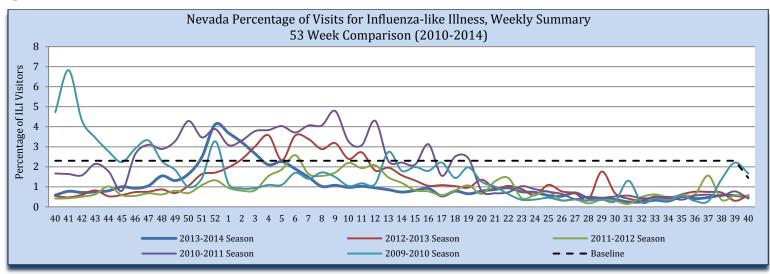
Figure 3



Source of Data: CDC: Flu View Report and CDC: ILINet.

During week 40, 0.5% of visits to sentinel providers were due to ILI. This is the same as previous seasons.

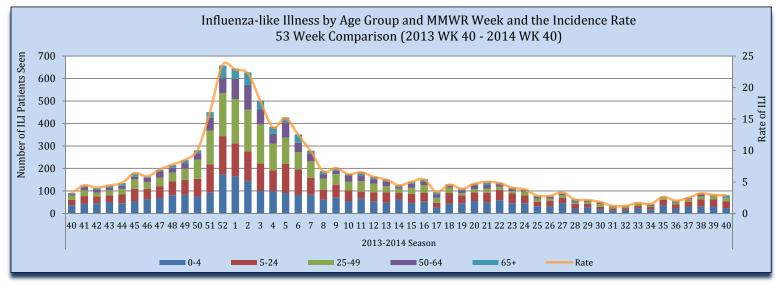
Figure 4



Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness is reported by age groups, during week 40, child aged 0-4 were the greatest number of patients seen with ILI. The rate for week 40 is 3.2 per 100,000. The rate is calculated by the number of patients presented with ILI divided by the state population multiplied by 100,000. The estimated state population for 2014 is 2,819,321.

Figure 5

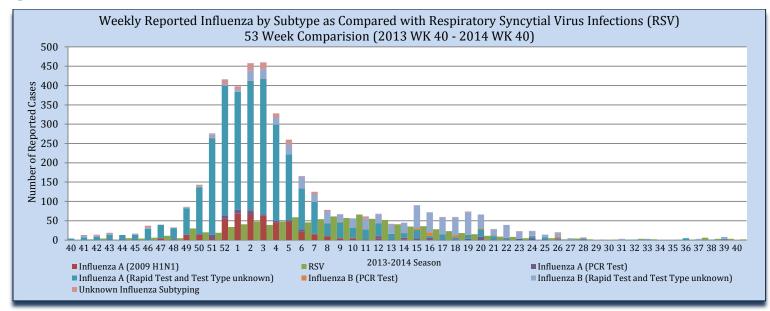


Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza Positive Surveillance (NBS and NETSS)

Positive cases of influenza are reported to the state health division for surveillance purposes. Figure 6 and Table 2 reflects all positive influenza cases reported to the state. Types of influenza testing include commercial rapid diagnostic test (rapid), viral culture, fluorescent antibody, enzyme immunoassay, RT-PCR (PCR), and Immunohistochemistry. The two most common test types in Nevada are Rapid and PCR tests. During week 40, there were no reported influenza cases to the state.

Figure 6



Source of Data: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.

Table 2

	Reported Influenza Cases by County Jurisdiction and Influenza Type									
Reporting Jurisdiction	Current Week (Week 40)			Cumulative Influenza Season						
	H1N1	А	В	Unknown	Total	H1N1	А	В	Unknown	Total
Carson City Health and Human Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rural Health Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Nevada Health District	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washoe County Health District	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State of Nevada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Source: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.

Hospitalizations

There have been 0 hospitalizations associated with influenza reported to the state health division for the 2014-2015 influenza season.

Table 3

Influenza Hospitalizations							
Reporting Jurisdiction	Cumulative Influenza Season						
	#	%					
Carson City Health and Human Services	0	0.0					
Rural Health Services	0	0.0					
Southern Nevada Health District	0	0.0					
Washoe County Health District	0	0.0					
State of Nevada	0	0.0					

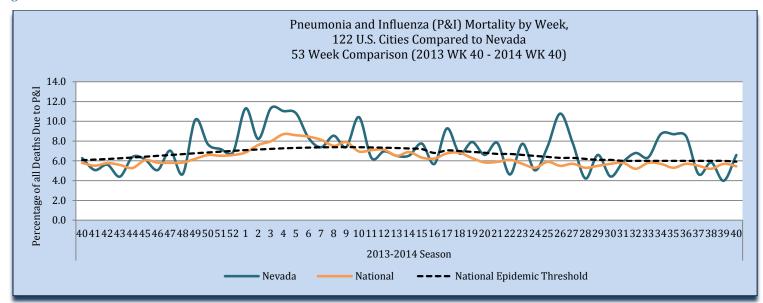
Source: Reported to Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology from each Jurisdiction.

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

The Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) mortality percentage is the deaths, where Pneumonia and Influenza is listed as a cause of death, divided by the total deaths in Nevada for each week. During week 40, there are 17 associated with P&I and is above the national epidemic threshold at 6.6% (threshold at 5.9%). Nationally, the P&I mortality is below the national epidemic threshold at 5.5%.

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Figure 4



Source: OVR: WEVRRS and CDC: FluView.

Appendix

Activity level in figure 3 is based on the following information.

Activity Level	ILI Activity*/Outbreaks		Laboratory Data
No Activity	Low	And	
	Not Increased		Isolated lab-confirmed cases †
Sporadic			Or
	Not Increased	And	Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution ‡
	Increased ILI in 1 region**, ILI activity in other regions is not increased		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI
Local			Or
Loca	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions
Decional	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions
Regional			Or
	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in ≥2 and less than half of the regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state

*ILI activity can be assessed using a variety of data sources including ILINet providers, school/workplace absenteeism and other syndromic surveillance systems that monitor influenzalike illness.

† Lab confirmed case = case confirmed by rapid diagnostic test, antigen detection, culture, or PCR.

‡ Institution includes nursing home, hospital, prison, school, etc.

**Region: population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Nevada has 5 regions.

Technical Notes

- Influenza-like illness (ILI): a fever greater than or equal 100°F with cough and/or sore throat
- Percent positive: The number of positive influenza laboratory tests divided by the total number of tests performed.
- Incidence rate is per 100,000 population as estimated by the state demographer.

This report contains information from national and state-level data sources. Influenza surveillance data is collected by a various systems, including:

- Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet): a sentinel surveillance system in collaboration with the Centers for the Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) where outpatient providers report ILI information weekly.
- National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS): a system whereby data is transmits to CDC. Influenza data collected through NETSS does not provide influenza sub-typing information.
- National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS): a system for collecting data and monitoring disease trends and outbreaks.
- NEDSS Based System (NBS): an implementation of the NEDSS standards. It provides a secure, accurate, and efficient means of collecting, transmitting, and analyzing public health data.

Citations

- 1. CDC. FluView: A Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report. <u>http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/pastreports.htm</u>.
- Nevada State Demographer's Office. 2003-2014 ASRHO Estimates and Projections. Division of Public and Behavioral Health edition. Vintage 2013.
- 3. OPHIE. DPBH. NBS. 2010-2014. Accessed October 2014.
- 4. Office of Vital Records (OVR). DPBH. Web Enabled Vital Records Registry System (WEVRRS) [unpublished data]. 2012-2014. Accessed October 2014.
- 5. Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD). NETSS/Trisano. 2010-2014. Accessed October 2014.

Comments, suggestions, and requests for further information may be addressed to:

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Recommended Citation:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health. Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology. Influenza Weekly Report, 2013 Week 40 (September 29) through 2014 Week 40 (October 4), Nevada. October 2014 i 40 edition 1.0.

This publication was supported by Cooperative Agreement Number TP000534-02 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and/or Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and/or Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response.

